

Logging

CS 272 Software Development

Motivation

- Using a debugger is complicated in some settings
 - Multithreading, distributed computing
- Using println statements are not ideal
 - Easy to create, cumbersome to remove
- Using a custom Debug classes are not ideal
 - Easy to disable, but inefficient and inflexible

Beginner's Guide to Quick Start Debugging (in Eclipse)

Logging

- Next-level println debugging
 - Usually output to a log file instead of console
- Configurable without modifying code
 - Can configure what (errors, warnings, debug), where (console, file), and how (threads, line numbers, etc.)
- Usually have separate API and implementation

Logging Options in Java

- java.util.logging https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/17/core/java-logging-overview.html
- Simple Logging Facade for Java (SLF4J) http://www.slf4j.org/
- LOGBack · http://logback.gos.ch/
- Apache Log4j2 · https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/

Apache Log4j2

- A third-party library provided by Apache
- Supports multithreaded or distributed environments
- Efficient and flexible logging API and implementation.
- Configurable without modifying source code
- Supports lambda expressions for log messages

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/

Simple Log4j2 Example

```
1. private static final Logger logger =
       LogManager.getLogger();
3.
4. public static void main(String[] args) {
5. logger.info("Hello, World!");
6. }
```

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/api.html

• TRACE

- Used for fine-grained debug messages
- Usually not shown or used unless really necessary

DEBUG

- Used for normal debug messages
- Most commonly used level for logging

INFO

- Used for informational messages
- Often used for major events that were successful

WARN

Used when something concerning happened and there *might* be a problem

ERROR

- Used when an possibly recoverable error occurred
- Nearly always shown to the user

FATAL

- Used when an irrecoverable error occurred
- Often used when about to exit prematurely

ALL

- Turns on all levels of logging, including TRACE
- Used to turn on all logging for debugging purposes

OFF

- Turns off all levels of logging, including FATAL
- Used to disable logging, speeding up code

- TRACE « lowest level, rarely used
- DEBUG « most common
- INFO « informational
- WARN « warnings
- ERROR « errors/exceptions
- FATAL « highest level, rarely used

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/architecture.html



Configurable Output

- Configured via an XML, JSON, or YAML file
- Controls what information is output
- Controls which classes produce output
- Controls which levels are output
- Controls where messages are output

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/configuration.html

Logging Configuration

- Appenders
 - Controls where log messages are output
 - Commonly the console and a log file
- Layouts
 - Control what information is output for an appender
 - o Commonly the timestamp, level, and message

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/architecture.html

Logging Configuration

- Loggers
 - Identified by a name (often class name)
 - Specify level of message to send to an appender
- Root Logger
 - Default logger, always accessible
 - Outputs ERROR messages to console by default

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/architecture.html

Sample Configuration

```
1. <Configuration status="warn">
     <Appenders>
       <Console name="Console" target="SYSTEM OUT">
         <PatternLayout pattern="%level: %message %n"/>
 5.
     </Console>
 6. </Appenders>
7. <Loggers>
 8.
    <Root level="error">
         <AppenderRef ref="Console"/>
10.
       </Root>
11. </Loggers>
12. </Configuration>
```

Pattern Layout

- **%level**: level of the logging event
 - %level(length=1) to use a single letter
 - %level{lowerCase=true} to convert to lowercase
 - %level{WARN=Warning, ...} to change label
- %message : log message
- %n: platform dependent line separator (\n or \r\n)

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/layouts.html#PatternLayout

Pattern Layout

- %date{pattern}: timestamp for logging event
 - %d{HH:mm:ss:SSS} to output just time
- **%thread**: thread name (useful later)
- **%location**: location where logging event created
 - Expensive operation, use with caution
 - See also %logger{}, %class{}, %method, and %line

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/layouts.html#PatternLayout

Pattern Layout

Example Pattern

[%date{HH:mm:ss:SSS} %-5level{lowerCase=true}]

%file@%line %t: %m%n

Example Output

[12:05:53:145 debug] CharacterCounter.java@181 main: Counting characters in file "src".

https://logging.apache.org/log4j/2.x/manual/layouts.html#PatternLayout



Apache Log4j2

- Popular and widely used logging tool
 - Includes companies such as Apple, IBM, Oracle, Cisco, Google, Amazon, and more...
- One of the top 50 most widely used open-source (non-npm) packages
- So widely used that...

https://www.linuxfoundation.org/tools/census-ii-of-free-and-open-source-software-application-libraries/ https://www.cnn.com/2021/12/15/tech/log4j-vulnerability/index.html

The Log4j security flaw could impact the entire internet. Here's what you should know

By Jennifer Korn

Updated 9:33 AM ET. Thu December 16, 2021

New York (CNN Business) - A critical flaw in widely used software has cybersecurity experts raising alarms and big companies racing to fix the issue

The vulnerability, which was reported late last week, is in Java-based software known as "Log4i" that large organizations use to configure their applications -- and it poses potential risks for much of the internet.

Apple's cloud computing service, security firm Cloudflare, and one of the world's most popular video games, Minecraft, are among the many services that run Log4i, according to security researchers.

Jen Easterly, head of the Department of Homeland Security's Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), called it "one of the most serious flaws" seen in her career. In a statement on Saturday, Easterly said "a growing set" of hackers are actively attempting to exploit the vulnerability.

As of Tuesday, more than 100 hacking attempts were occurring per minute, according to data this week from cybersecurity firm Check

"It will take years to address this while attackers will be looking... on a daily basis [to exploit it]," said David Kennedy, CEO of cybersecurity firm TrustedSec. "This is a ticking time bomb for companies."

Here's what you should know:

What is Log4i and why does it matter?

Log4j is one of the most popular logging libraries used online, according to cybersecurity experts. Log4j gives software developers a way to build a record of activity to be used for a variety of purposes, such as troubleshooting, auditing and data tracking. Because it is both open-source and free, the library essentially touches every part of the internet.

"It's ubiquitous. Even if you're a developer who doesn't use Log4j directly, you might still be running the vulnerable code because one of the open source libraries you use depends on Log4j," Chris Eng, chief research officer at cybersecurity firm Veracode, told CNN Business. "This is the nature of software: It's turtles all the way down."

https://www.cnn.com/2021/12/15/tech/

Nightmare before Christmas: What to know about the Log4j vulnerability

BY NICOLE SGANGA

UPDATED ON: DECEMBER 17, 2021 / 12:44 PM / CBS NEWS









https://www.cbsnews.com/news/ log4j-vulnerability-breach-patch/

Upgrading Maven Version

```
\leftarrow!— for logging \longrightarrow
<dependency>
 <groupId>org.apache.logging.log4j
 <artifactId>log4j-api</artifactId>
 <version>2.19.0
</dependency>
<dependency>
 <groupId>org.apache.logging.log4j
 <artifactId>log4j-core</artifactId>
 <version>2.19.0
</dependency>
<dependency>
 <groupId>org.apache.logging.log4j
 <artifactId>log4j-slf4j-impl</artifactId>
 <version>2.19.0
</dependency>
```

Always use latest version in pom.xml file! Updated: 2022-09-13



CHANGE THE WORLD FROM HERE